

By the end of the AQA GCSE Biology course, students will:

- *Understand the structure and function of biological systems at molecular, cellular, and organism levels.*
- *Appreciate the processes and mechanisms that sustain life, such as respiration, photosynthesis, and homeostasis.*
- *Grasp the principles of genetics and evolution, including how variation leads to adaptation and biodiversity.*
- *Be able to explain how biological knowledge is applied in medicine, agriculture, and environmental management.*
- *Understand the importance of evidence and experimentation in building scientific knowledge.*
- *Recognise how human activity affects ecosystems and the steps we can take to mitigate negative impacts.*

Resources:

- Oxford University Press GCSE Textbook (available on Kerboodle or Amazon) <https://www.amazon.co.uk/AQA-GCSE-Biology-Student-Book/dp/0198359373>
- Revision guide for Combined Science: <https://www.amazon.co.uk/AQA-Biology-GCSE-Combined-Science/dp/0198359306>
- Oxford University Press GCSE Trilogy Biology workbook (Higher or Foundation)
- Kerboodle <https://kerboodle.com>
- BBC Bitesize <https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize>
- GCSEPod
- Focus eLearning (useful for practicals)
- PMT (for past paper questions) <https://www.physicsandmathstutor.com/biology-revision/gcse-aqa/>

How we keep parents informed:

Year 11 - Progress reports are published 4 times per year, in October, December, February and March, with a face-to-face parents' evening in October.

How parents can help their child:

Regularly check Class Charts to keep track of homework that has been set and make sure that test dates are noted

Assist with homework where possible and make sure that students are revising for tests using revision guides, Kerboodle and BBC Bitesize

Purchase revision guides and workbooks (via Amazon or Parentmail)

Encourage the completion and marking of past paper questions

Liaise with teachers and attend Parents' evening

What we study and when:					
Term	Unit, Topic or Summary of Work Covered	Knowledge, Understanding & Skills Developed	ACHIEVE / Personal Development Focus	How The Work Is Assessed	Careers Links
1	B13: Reproduction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understanding Types of Reproduction: Distinguishing between asexual reproduction (involving one parent and resulting in genetically identical offspring) and sexual reproduction (involving two parents and resulting in genetic variation). • Meiosis and Gamete Formation: Grasping the process of meiosis, which produces gametes (sperm and eggs) with half the number of chromosomes, and how this leads to genetic diversity. • Genetic Inheritance: Learning the basics of how traits are inherited through dominant and recessive alleles and using Punnett squares to predict genetic outcomes. • Embryo screening: Processes involved and concerns and issues associated with embryo screening. 	<p>Versatility: Application of theoretical concepts.</p> <p>Ambitious: Completion of genetic diagrams to show inheritance of characteristics.</p> <p>Integrity: Discussion regarding inheritance of disorders and embryo screening.</p>	<p>This chapter will be assessed in an end-of topic test.</p> <p>There will be a longer response question (6 marker) on embryo screening.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Genetic Counsellor • Embryologist • Reproductive Health Specialist • Fertility Specialist • Pharmaceutical Researcher • Medical Geneticist • Public Health Educator • Reproductive Biologist • Forensic Biologist (DNA Analyst)
2	B14: Variation and Evolution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Principles of inheritance and genetic variation. • Process of evolution by natural selection. • What selective breeding is and its benefits and risks. • Potential benefits and problems associated with genetic engineering. • Ethical considerations for new genetic technologies 	<p>Versatility: Application of theoretical concepts.</p> <p>Ambitious: Understand the process of genetic engineering.</p> <p>Integrity: Ethical considerations of selective breeding and cloning.</p>	<p>This chapter will be assessed in an end-of topic test.</p> <p>There will be a longer response question (6 marker) on natural selection.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evolutionary Biologist • Geneticist • Palaeontologist • Conservation Biologist • Biomedical Scientist • Bioinformatics Specialist • Field Biologist • Genetic Engineer • Ecologist • Forensic Scientist

3	B15: Genetics and Evolution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discuss Fossils and Extinction: Students should be able to explain the significance of fossils in understanding evolutionary history, how they provide evidence for past life forms, and the processes that lead to extinction. • Understand Antibiotic Resistance: Students should be able to describe how antibiotic-resistant bacteria develop through natural selection, the impact of antibiotic misuse and overuse, and strategies to manage and prevent the spread of antibiotic resistance. • Explore Classification Systems: Students should be able to explain the importance of classification in biology, understand the principles of taxonomic classification, and recognise how classification systems are used to organise and categorise living organisms based on their evolutionary relationships. 	<p>Versatility: Application of theoretical concepts.</p>	<p>This chapter will be assessed in an end-of topic test.</p> <p>There will be a longer response question (6 marker) on antibiotic resistance.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evolutionary Biologist • Geneticist • Palaeontologist • Conservation Biologist • Biomedical Scientist • Bioinformatics Specialist • Field Biologist • Genetic Engineer • Ecologist • Forensic Scientist
ILT	B16: Adaptations, Interdependence and Competition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adaptations: Learn how organisms are adapted to their environments through specific features and behaviours, such as camouflage, mimicry, and structural adaptations. • Interdependence in Ecosystems: Grasp the concept of interdependence among organisms within ecosystems, including food chains, webs, and the flow of energy. • Competition for Resources: Understand how competition for resources (e.g., food, water, space) affects populations, leading to adaptations and evolutionary changes. • Ecosystem Stability: Learn about the factors that contribute to the stability of ecosystems, being able to describe biotic and abiotic factors. • Distribution and abundance: How to measure the distribution and abundance of living things in their natural environment. 	<p>Ambitious + Integrity: Completion of ILT.</p> <p>Collaboration: Completion of a required practical.</p> <p>Versatility: Application of theoretical concepts.</p>	<p>This chapter will be assessed in an end-of topic test.</p> <p>There will be a longer response question (6 marker) on the required practical (random sampling).</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ecologist • Environmental Scientist • Wildlife Biologist • Conservationist • Zoologist • Botanist • Environmental Educator - • Agricultural Scientist

4 + 5	B17: Organising an Ecosystem	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand and describe various feeding relationships within an ecosystem, including producers, consumers, and decomposers. • Explain the processes and significance of material cycling, including the water, carbon, and nitrogen cycles. • Analyse the carbon cycle and its implications on life and the global environment. • Apply knowledge of ecosystem dynamics to discuss human impact on natural cycles and propose sustainable solutions. 	Versatility: Application of theoretical concepts.	<p>This chapter will be assessed in an end-of topic test.</p> <p>There will be a longer response question (6 marker) on the carbon cycle.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ecologist • Environmental Scientist • Wildlife Biologist • Conservation Biologist • Marine Biologist • Forestry Technician • Environmental Consultant • Agricultural Scientist • Landscaper/Gardener • Ecosystem Manager
5 + 6	B18: Biodiversity and Ecosystems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Comprehend the effects of the human population explosion on resources and the environment. • Analyse the causes and consequences of different types of pollution (land, water, and air) and global warming. • Evaluate the impact of human-induced changes on ecosystems and biodiversity. 	Endurance: Revision for exams.	This chapter will be assessed in an end-of topic test.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ecologist • Environmental Scientist • Wildlife Biologist • Conservation Biologist • Marine Biologist • Forestry Technician • Environmental Consultant • Agricultural Scientist • Landscaper/Gardener • Ecosystem Manager • Parks and Recreation Manager