

Exam Board: AQA
Qualification: 8463
Assessment Information: 2 exams, each 1h45
[Link to official specification](#)

Department Information:
Physics, Biology and Chemistry are popular and successful subjects at Furze Platt. The Department aims to provide a supportive, stimulating, dynamic and academically challenging experience for all students. Over recent years, the Department has gone from strength to strength, and standards and students' results are high. In Year 10, those students studying the separate Physics GCSE course will receive 4 hours of teaching each fortnight. Students sit the AQA exam board for GCSE Science examinations.

ACHIEVE in the curriculum:
Ambitious – aiming for the highest grades possible, and giving opportunities for students to celebrate their own successes.
Regular inclusion of careers and higher education information in lessons
Collaboration – making use of the scientific method and grouped practical work.
Versatility - students will develop their versatility through the use of class practical activities, as well as through paired and group theory work.
Integrity – students develop integrity through their completion of independent home learning and through self-marking and peer-marking their work.
Endurance – students taught valuable revision strategies and repetition and a route to success at GCSE

Curriculum Aims & Intent:
The GCSE Physics curriculum is designed to foster an appreciation and understanding of the role of Physics in every aspect of our lives, and a sense of awe at the wider foundational ideas of Physics.
The curriculum aims to allow students to develop their scientific skills particularly through practical tasks, as well as enhancing their maths skills to allow them to complete the subject beyond GCSE.
The key aspects of the Year 10 curriculum are to allow students to understand how electric circuits work and can be used domestically, the core ideas of radioactivity, and how waves behave in different substances

Resources:
Textbooks and revision guides: Oxford University Press GCSE Chemistry textbook (available online via Kerboodle), Oxford University Press GCSE Chemistry revision guide, Oxford University Press GCSE Chemistry workbook (Foundation and higher tier editions available).
Websites: BBC Bitesize, GCSEPod, Focus eLearning, Physics and Maths Tutor

How we keep parents informed:
Year 10 - Progress reports are published 4 times per year, in October, November, March and July, with a face-to-face parents' evening in March.

How parents can help their child:
Regularly check Class Charts to keep track of homework that has been set and make sure that test dates are noted
Assist with homework where possible and make sure that students are revising for tests using revision guides, Kerboodle and BBC Bitesize
Encourage the completion and marking of past paper questions
Liaise with teachers and attend Parents' evening

What we study and when:					
Term	Unit, Topic Or Summary Of Work Covered	Knowledge, Understanding & Skills Developed	ACHIEVE / Personal Development Focus	How The Work Is Assessed	Careers Links
1	P4 Electric circuits & P5 Electricity in the home	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Define electric current and potential difference Interpret circuit diagrams of both series and parallel circuits Define resistance and Ohm's law Recall and apply various electrical equations Identify different parts of the plug and explain their purpose Explain the purpose of the National grid and transformers 	Collaboration – complete required practical using group work	P4 six-mark question P4&P5 end of topic assessment	Drawing and using electric circuits in electrical engineering
2	P7 Radioactivity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describe the properties of Alpha, Beta and Gamma decay Explain the uses of Alpha, Beta, and Gamma radiation Explain the dangers of Alpha, Beta and Gamma radiation Explain the evidence that led to the discovery of the atomic nucleus by Rutherford, and the refutation of the plum pudding model Complete nuclear equations Compare nuclear fission and nuclear fusion Explain how a nuclear reactor works 	Versatility – evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of nuclear radiation	P7 six-mark question P7 end of topic assessment	Nuclear engineer is someone who knows how a nuclear power station works Particle physicist discovers new particles, like Rutherford
3	P12 Waves	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Name examples of waves Identify key features of waves Compare transverse and longitudinal waves Calculate frequency and speed of a wave Describe and explain reflection and refraction of a wave Explain how ultrasound help us in medicine Explain how seismic waves can be used to determine information about the Earth 	Collaboration – complete required practical using group work	P12 six-mark question P12 & P13 End of topic assessment	Seismologists use information about seismic waves to study earthquakes and develop early warning systems Sonographers use ultrasound scans in hospitals to check progress of a foetus
4	P13 Electromagnetic waves	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Name the 7 parts of the Electromagnetic spectrum Describe the uses of each part of the Electromagnetic spectrum 	Endurance – focus on revision for assessments (inc. PPEs)	P12 & P13 End of topic assessment	Radiographers use radiation in hospitals to diagnose and treat cancers

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describe the dangers the short wavelength parts of the Electromagnetic spectrum Explain how radio waves are produced and detected in communications 			
5	P14 Light	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describe and explain reflection and refraction of a wave Draw ray and wave front diagrams for reflection and refraction Explain how we see colour Explain how colour filters work Describe the effect convex and concave lenses have on light Draw and interpret lens ray diagrams 	Collaboration – complete required practical using group work	<p>P14 six-mark question</p> <p>P14 End of topic assessment</p>	<p>Opticians use different lenses to correct vision</p> <p>Lighting technicians use different colours to develop stage lighting</p>
6	P16 Space	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Compare size of planets, stars, galaxies, and the universe Identify objects in the Solar system Describe and explain the life cycle of a star Explain the forces of an orbiting object Explain the Doppler effect Explain how Red Shift and CMBR provide evidence for the Big Bang 	Ambitious – students aim to find out research at the cutting edge of Physics	<p>P16 six-mark question</p> <p>P16 end of topic assessment</p>	<p>Satellite engineers use knowledge about circular motion to launch and maintain satellites around the Earth</p> <p>Astronauts need to know about space to undertake their research in space</p>