**SMSC Provision 2018** **Department**: Psychology

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|  | Year 12 | Year 13 |
| Spiritual Development | * Psychodynamic Approach: the origin of personality; the idea of unconsciousness; dream analysis
* Humanistic Approach: the concept of Self; the role of meditation and counselling
* Attachment: forming of feelings in humans and animals
* Cognitive processes in the brain
 | * Abnormalities/Schizophrenia: what defines someone as abnormal; therapies such as anger management and CBT
* Relationship: the question of love and our relationships with others
* Forensic Psychology: development of criminal personality and offender profiling
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| Moral Development | * Concept of free will and determinism
* Conformity and obedience: agentic state and responsibility for actions
* Ethical conducts of APA and BPS, including research on animals and vulnerable subjects
* The role of authority
* Locus of control
* Eyewitness testimony in crime cases
 | * Forensic Psychology: concept and origin of crime
* Types and functions of imprisonment
* Alternative ways of dealing with crime
* Levels of moral reasoning by Kohlberg
* Ethical rights of patients
* Abnormalities: a murderer or non-guilty by reason of insanity?
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| Social Development | * Social Psychology: authority, obedience, influence of minority and majority; the role of social influence processes in social change
* Schemas: the formation of stereotypes; evaluation of the role of a schema (both beneficial and disadvantageous)
* Attachment: forming bonds with others
* Learning Approach: learning from others; classical & operant conditioning
 | * Abnormalities: influence of family on mental disorders
* Forensic Psychology: differential association theory (influence of others on crime)
* Relationships: development of social relations; projection of childhood experiences on adult life
* Issues and Debates: social sensitivity in psychological research
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| Cultural Development | * Attachment: meta-analysis of cross cultural types of attachment by Van Ijzendoorn & Kroonenberg
* Social Psychology: cultural case studies on social behaviour – Nazi Germany, Suffragettes, Abu Ghraib prison
* Learning Approach: TV influences across cultures, i.e. Bandura vs Charlton
* Differences between American and British ethical codes of practice
* Psychodynamic Approach: gender development according to Freud
 | * Issues and Debates: cultural bias, cultural relativity, gender bias (alpha, beta, androcentrism)
* Forensics: cultural variation in defining crime
* Schizophrenia: cultural variations in diagnosing schizophrenia, i.e. ICD-10 and DSM-5 comparison
* Issues and Debates: nomothetic and idiographic views; individualistic and collectivistic societies
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